

UNIVERSITY OF PERADENIYA CENTRE FOR DISTANCE AND CONTINUING EDUCATION



ශාස්තුවේදී උපායි (බාහිර - නව නිර්දේශය) පරිකෘණය 200 මට්ටම - 2023 කෙහනු දුරුණු ප්රියාණ (බහුණියාණි) ප්රියාණ 200 හනු දුරුණි සංවිධා - 2023 Bachelor of Arts (External - New Syllabus) Examination 200 Level – Dec 2023

(ECNE 201: Microeconomic Theory)

කාලය පැය(03) කුනයි மුன்று (03) ගණිத்தியாலங்கள் Time three (03) Hours.

පුග්න 05 පිළිතුරු සපයන්න 05 விணக்களுக்கு மட்டும் விடையளிக்க

Answer 05 questions only.

නොපැහැදිලි අන් අකුරුවලට ලකුණු කපනු ලැබේ දෙගුණු බහුණිබණහාසුබෑ. ණු பුණණිණ ලඟුණ්ටෙලිග් Marks will be deducted for illegible hand writing.

මෙම පුන්න පනුගේ අඩංගු පුන්න සංඛනාව 07 කි මුල්ල බෝණාර්යළුම්ලදුම්ම 07 බෝණාමියණ ද ණණණ There are 07 questions in the question paper.

1.	i.	Distinguish the fundamental difference between cardinal utility and ordinal utility	(07 Marks)
	ii.	Briefly explain the meaning of "marginal utility"	(05 Marks)
	iii.	What is the relationship between total utility and marginal utility, show graphically	(08 Marks)
2.	i.	Discuss the relationship between the law of diminishing marginal utility and the law of demand	(07 Marks)
	ii.	Explain the law of demand and its relationship with the demand curve	(05 Marks)
	iii.	What is meant by the 'utility-maximizing consumption choice'? Explain.	(08 Marks)

 A consumer whose weekly income is Rs. 36.00 wants to buy two commodities, (X, Y) of which total utility functions are given by the following equations.

$$TU_x = 50Q_x - 5Q_x^2$$
$$TU_y = 32Q_y - 4Q_y^2$$

Assume that the price of X is Rs. 5.00 and the price of Y is Rs. 8.00

	i.	Calculate the consumer's equilibrium quantities purchases	(05 Marks)
	ii.	How do you explain the meaning of this equilibrium?	(05 Marks)
	iii.	Calculate the marginal utility of money at the equilibrium	(05 Marks)
	iv.	Assume that the price of X has increased by Rs. 2.00, while other things remain the same. What should be the consumer's new equilibrium purchases?	(05 Marks)
4.	i.	How do you describe a production function?	(05 Marks)
	ii.	Graphically show the following variables of a production function	(05 Marks)
		a. Total product (TP) b. Average product (AP) c. Marginal product (MP)	
	iii.	What are the properties of isoquant?	(05 Marks)
	iv.	Describe the meaning of marginal rate of technical substitution (MRTS).	(05 Marks)

- i. What is meant by firm's equilibrium? Explain the conditions of short run and (10 Marks) long run equilibrium of firms under perfect competition and monopoly
 - "Monopoly causes misallocation of resources and thereby causes loss of social welfare." Critically evaluate this statement
- 6. i. Graphically explain the law of variable proportions

(04 Marks)

ii. The total cost function of a battery is given by the following equation

$$TC = 250 + 5Q + 0.05Q^2$$

Where Q denotes the number of units of production.

- a. Obtain the TFC, TVC, MC and AVC functions relation to the above cost (10 Marks) function
- b. Assume that the producer is a perfect competitive firm. Find the profit (06 Marks) maximizing level of production if the price of a unit is Rs. 10/=
- Write short notes on the following topics
 - a. Substitution and Income effect of price change for a normal good
 - b. Objectives of government-imposed price ceilings and price floors
 - c. Consumer surplus and producer surplus
 - d. Cobb-Douglas production function

(05 marks each)

(සෑම පුශ්නයකටම ලකුණු 20 බැගිනි) (சகல வினாக்களுக்கும் 20 புள்ளிகள் விதம)